



LAPAROSCOPIC ADJUSTABLE BAND POST-SURGERY DIET GUIDELINES

Laparoscopic adjustable banding creates a small "pouch" out of the upper stomach. The band allows food to enter slowly into the rest of the stomach, similar to sand going through an hour glass. Ultimately, the patient will experience a feeling of fullness or satisfaction (satiety) with a small amount of food. This procedure is purely restrictive and does not result in any malabsorption of nutrients; however, vitamin/mineral supplementation is necessary due to decreased intake of food. As with any weight loss procedure, lifestyle changes are what determine long-term success. It is important that you learn how to incorporate healthy eating habits and physical activity into your daily life.

There are four stages to the post-surgery diet. The diet will transition from liquids to purees to solids. Upon reaching the final stage, your diet will consist of small, low-fat, low-sugar meals to be eaten over a 30-minute time period. Fluids will be important for hydration throughout each stage of the diet progression, therefore a goal of 48-64 oz. fluids daily is recommended.

POST-SURGERY DIET PROGRESSION

POST-SURGERY DAYS	STAGE	GUIDELINES
DAYS 1 & 2	CLEAR LIQUID DIET	48 - 64 oz fluids daily
DAYS 3 - 7	FULL LIQUID DIET	48 - 64 oz fluids daily 45 - 60 grams protein daily Bariatric Multi-vitamin (chewable) 1200 mg Calcium Citrate (chewable) 18 mg Iron (chewable)
DAYS 8 - 21	PUREED DIET (food is applesauce or baby food consistency)	48 - 64 oz fluids daily 60 - 80 grams protein daily Continue supplementation
DAY 22 (slowly progress to regular diet)	SOFT DIET [LOW FAT, LOW CARBOHYDRATE] (food should be chewed to applesauce or baby food consistency)	48 - 64 oz fluids daily 60 - 80 grams protein daily Continue supplementation



Gastric Band Stage One: Day 1 & Day 2

STAGE I: CLEAR LIQUID STAGE

- **GOAL: 48-64 oz. fluids daily**
- Sugar Free Clear Liquids
- Consume 1 ounce (3 Tablespoons/30 cc) clear liquid **every 15 minutes** in order to maintain hydration (medicine cups measure 1 oz. and are helpful here)
- Acceptable Fluids:
 - Water/Propel Fitness Water/G2/ Powerade Zero
 - Clear broth
 - Decaffeinated coffee/tea
 - Crystal Light/diet Snapple/Fruit-2-O/Mio
 - Diet gelatin/"no sugar added", sugar-free (Do not use regular Italian ices or fruit bars)
 - Flat diet soda
 - Sugar Free noncarbonated beverages

Reminders:

- Timers are helpful to accurately track 15 min liquid consumption, and avoid dehydration.
- Avoid caffeine and alcohol for this may cause stomach irritation and loss of fluids.
- No straws. This will cause you to drink too much volume as well as draw in air.
- Please remember to take small sips - no gulps.
- Avoid chewing gum (may swallow and cause an obstruction). Breath freshening alternatives are breath strips or liquid breath freshener drops.

Dehydration:

Dehydration will occur if you do not drink enough fluids. Symptoms include fatigue, dark- colored urine, dizziness, fainting, lethargy, nausea, and low back pain (a constant dull ache across the back). In some cases you will need to be admitted to the hospital so that fluids can be given through your veins.

If your urine is dark and your mouth is dry, then you are not drinking enough.

This is what you can do in order to prevent dehydration:

- Buy a sports bottle and take it with you everywhere so you can sip water all day
- Drink at least 48 to 64 ounces of fluids per day. Increase this amount if you are sweating.
- Follow the Dietary Guidelines



Gastric Band Stage Two: DAYS 3 - 7

STAGE 2: FULL LIQUID DIET

- **GOAL: 48-64 ounces of fluids; 45-60 grams protein daily**
- Sip slowly - no more than 8 ounces of any fluid per hour
- Avoid fruit juices or sugar-sweetened beverages
- Sample Protein Supplements
 - Atkins Advantage, Glucerna Shake
 - Isopure Protein Powder, Resource Optisource
 - EAS Myoplex Light, GNC Lean Shake 25
 - Bariatric Advantage Meal Replacement (or other bariatric meal replacement)
 - No Sugar/No Carb Carnation Instant Breakfast mixed with 8 ounces of skim milk
- Other Acceptable Fluids
 - Any clear liquid listed in Stage 1
 - Tomato or V-8 juice (vegetable juice only-no fruit juice)
 - No sugar added/sugar-free, fat free fudgicles
 - Skim or Lactaid Milk
 - Strained cream soups made with skim milk (1/2 cup)
 - Yogurt-no sugar added (1/2 cup)
 - Sugar free pudding made with skim milk (1/2 cup)
- Protein powder may be added to foods or beverages to increase protein content during consumption.
- Sample Meal Plan for **Stage 2:**
 - 8:00 am 4 oz protein supplement
 - 9:00 am 4-8 oz sugar free liquid
 - 10:00 am 4-8 oz protein supplement
 - 11:00 am 4-8 oz Tomato juice
 - Noon 4 oz protein supplement
 - 1:00 pm-8:00 pm Repeat the above pattern
- Vitamin Supplements are to be taken daily in evenly divided doses throughout the day.
 - Supplement recommendations
 - Bariatric Multi-vitamin
 - Chewable Calcium Citrate (1000-1500 mg/day)
 - 18 mg chewable Iron (may be included in multi-vitamin)



Gastric Band Stage Three: DAYS 8 - 21

STAGE 3: PUREED FOODS STAGE

- **GOAL: 48-64 fluid ounces and at least 60 grams of protein**
- Foods in this stage are the consistency of applesauce. Place food in a blender or food processor until it is the texture of applesauce/baby food. You may use baby food.
- Take 30 minutes to eat meals.
- No fluid with meals or for 30 minutes after; combining liquids with solids may cause an early or delayed feeling of fullness, nausea and/or vomiting
- EAT PROTEIN FIRST - start with 1 ounce and increase gradually to 2 ounces
- Avoid very hot or cold foods (temperature extremes may not be tolerated).
- Do not skip meals.
- No straws or carbonated beverages
- DO NOT CHEW GUM - if swallowed, it could cause an obstruction
- High Protein Foods:
 - Lean beef/pork/fish (blenderized or pureed)
 - Low fat cheese (those that contain less than 5 grams fat per ounce/serving)
 - Lite yogurt, plain yogurt or non-fat Greek yogurt
 - Eggs, egg whites or egg substitute
 - Fat-free refried beans (may add chicken broth to moisten if needed)
 - Low-fat or Fat-free cottage cheese
- Sample Menu for **Stage 3:**
 - 8:00 am 6 oz lite yogurt
 - 9:00 am 4 oz protein supplement
 - 10:00 am 8 oz fluids
 - Noon 1 oz pureed beef (gradually increase to 2 oz) and 1/4 cup pureed vegetable
 - 1:00 pm 4 oz protein supplement
 - 2:00 pm 1 oz low fat cheese and 1/4 cup applesauce (unsweetened)
 - 3:00 pm-8:00 pm Vary foods and fluids as outline above
- Protein powder may be added to pureed fruits and vegetables to help increase protein in diet if needed.



Gastric Band Stage Four: DAY 22, advance as tolerated (Maintenance Diet)

STAGE 4: SOFT SOLIDS PROGRESSING TO REGULAR DIET

- **GOAL: 3 meals and 2-3 small snacks daily (48-64 oz. fluids; 60-80 grams of protein daily)**
- Foods should be chewed to applesauce consistency.
- Protein (Meat/Meat Substitute): 2-3 oz./meal; 1-2 oz./snack
- Starches: 2-3 serving daily (1/4 cup, 2-3 crackers, 1/2 slice bread = 1 serving)
- Fruits: 2-3 servings daily (1/4 cup, 1/2 piece = 1 serving)
- Continue to limit fats. Try fat free or low fat products.
- **EAT SLOW AND CHEW WELL**
- Avoid liquids with meals.
- Avoid liquid calories (juices, sugary drinks, alcohol, etc.)
- No grazing (over-snacking)
- Eat protein first at all meals.
- Introduce fresh fruits/vegetables and salads slowly (start with canned fruits and well cooked vegetables).

We recommend that you introduce new foods one at a time while beginning Stages 3 and 4 of the diet to ensure that you are able to tolerate that food item. If you develop food intolerance, discontinue that food for a week or two and then reintroduce it again. Keep in mind that for some patients certain food intolerances may be permanent.

REMEMBER: It is still possible to over stretch your pouch, so watch your portion sizes. Also continue to limit fats, sweets, and sugar intake to maximize your weight loss and maintenance.

SAMPLE MENU FOR SOFT DIET

Breakfast	1/4 cup mandarin oranges 1/2 slice whole wheat toast 1 hard boiled egg	Snack (optional)	1/2 cup low fat reduced carbohydrate yogurt
Lunch	1/4 cup tuna 1 tsp low fat mayo 3 saltines 1/2 banana	Snack (optional)	1/2 cup sugar free pudding
Dinner	2 ounces baked chicken (no skin) 1/4 cup rice or cooked pasta 1/4 cup carrots 1 tsp margarine	Snack	1/4 cup cottage cheese 1/4 cup applesauce



Post Surgery Frequently Asked Question, Tips, and Guidelines:

Medications after Surgery

- Pain medication (usually Tylenol w/Codeine elixir) to use as needed (prescription given at discharge)
- Chewable bariatric multivitamin (Bariatric Advantage or Celebrate)
- Chewable calcium citrate
- You are to resume all pre-operative medication unless instructed differently by your surgeon upon discharge. Any medication you were taking that is larger than an M&M must be crushed, cut, or changed to liquid form during the first 8 weeks after surgery. Before altering (crushing) medications you must check with your physician first.

Recovery Instructions

When you get home, plan on taking things easy for a while. Your body is still recovering from the stresses of major surgery and weight loss occurring during the recovery period. Your activity will be restricted to no strenuous activity for 3 to 6 weeks after the operation. You may walk and perform light household duties as tolerated upon your return home. You may climb stairs. It is important to remember that you are still at risk for the development of blood clots after you are discharged from the hospital. You should not go home and sit for prolonged periods of time. Walk around for 5 minutes at a time every hour that you are awake.

Follow up Visits/When Do I Need a Fill?

We care about your progress. Keep in touch with the surgical office. We will do our best to make sure that you are well taken care of. Your first office visit with your surgeon should be scheduled 4-6 weeks after your surgery. All Lap-band patients will be scheduled for follow-up with the Bariatric Team at 4-6 weeks post-op, then monthly as needed or as instructed by your surgeon for the first year and annually thereafter. The goal is for the Band to curb your appetite and help you feel full with a small amount of food. If you answer yes to any of the following questions it may be time for a band fill.

- Are you hungry between meals?
- Are you able to eat more than 3 ounces of food at a meal?
- Are you losing less than 1-2 pounds each week?

It is important to remember each person is different you may need one band fill or ten band fills in order to reach proper restriction. It is key monitor your food intake, as well as your weight loss on a weekly basis.



Hair Loss/Skin Changes

Hair thinning or loss is expected after rapid weight loss. This is typically the result of having undergone surgery in general. However, during the phase of rapid weight loss, calorie intake is much less than the body needs, and protein intake is marginal. The body is in a state of panic, like what would happen during a period of starvation. In some patients, hair thinning or hair loss may occur. This is temporary and usually resolves when nutrition and weight stabilize. The hair loss usually occurs anywhere from 3 to 9 months after surgery. The same reason for the hair loss can also cause changes in your skin texture and appearance. It is not uncommon for patients to develop acne or dry skin after surgery. Protein, vitamins and water intake are also important for healthy skin. You can minimize the loss of hair by taking your multivitamin daily and making sure that you consume at least 60 grams of protein per day. We advise patients to avoid hair treatments. If after about 9 months you start to lose hair, this can be a sign of protein malnutrition. Always make sure you're getting enough protein in your diet.

Sex/Pregnancy

You may resume sexual activity when you feel physically and emotionally stable. Sexually active women of childbearing age will need to use birth control, as fertility may be increased with weight loss. **Oral contraceptives may not be fully absorbed.** Discuss alternative forms of birth control with your gynecologist.

Many severely obese women are also infertile because the fatty tissue soaks up the normal hormones and makes some of its own as well. However, as weight loss occurs, this situation may change quickly. You may start planning a pregnancy after 18 months, when it is safe for you to conceive. It is imperative not to become pregnant before this time, since we want both you and the baby to be healthy and safe. Should you become pregnant, we ask that you arrange for your OB/GYN to contact your surgeon's office.

If, at any time, you feel as though your diet is not progressing as expected or that you may be experiencing something abnormal, please do not hesitate to call the office at 713.493.7700.

Please utilize the patient tools available through the Texas Laparoscopic Consultants website at www.tlcsurgery.com.